

Health effects of African dust: A review

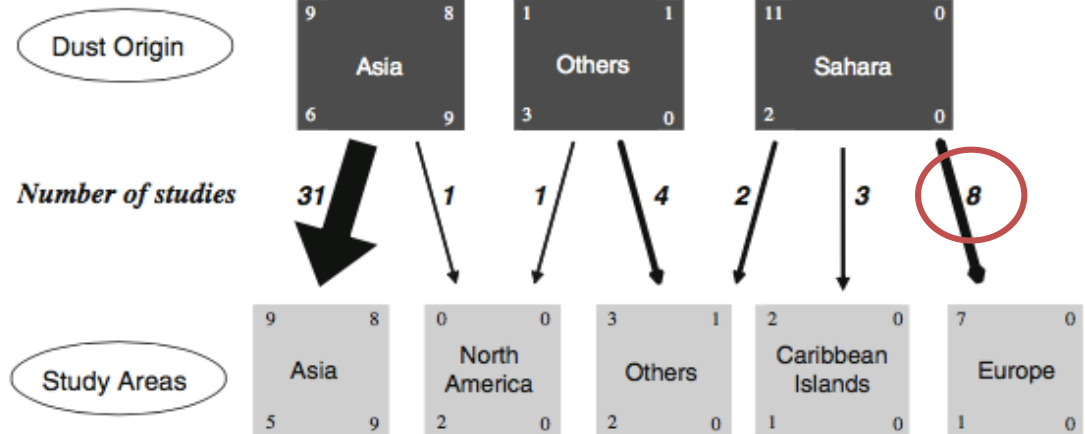
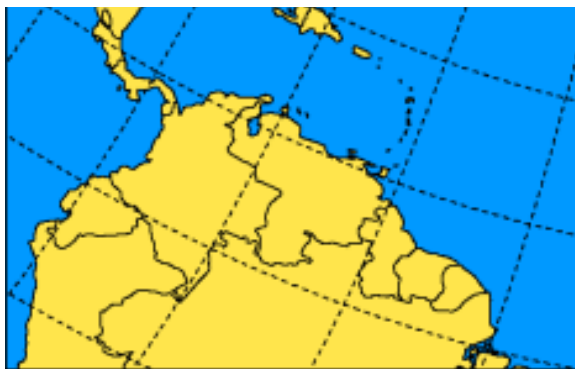
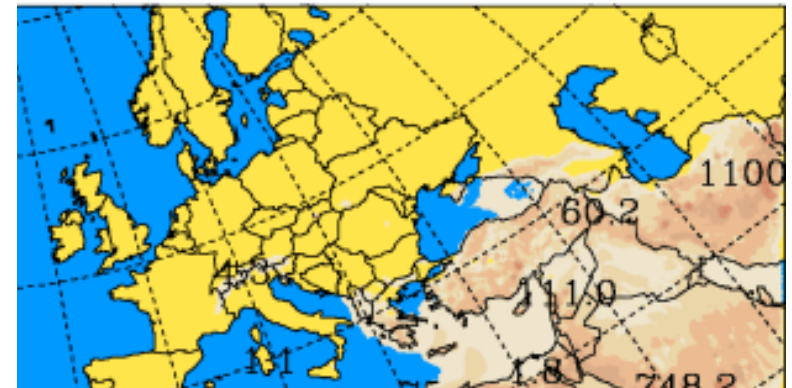
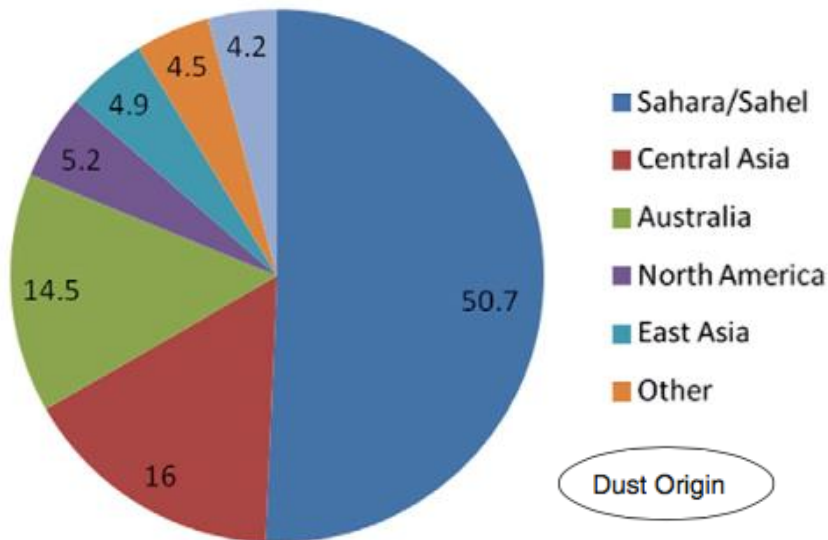
Aurelio Tobías

International Workshop on SAND AND DUST STORM

Istanbul, Turkey, 5 October 2016



Background



(Longueville, Int J Biometeorol 2013)

Background

Thursday, 3 April 2014

theguardian
Winner of the Pulitzer prize 2014

home › environment › pollution climate change wildlife energy UK electi all

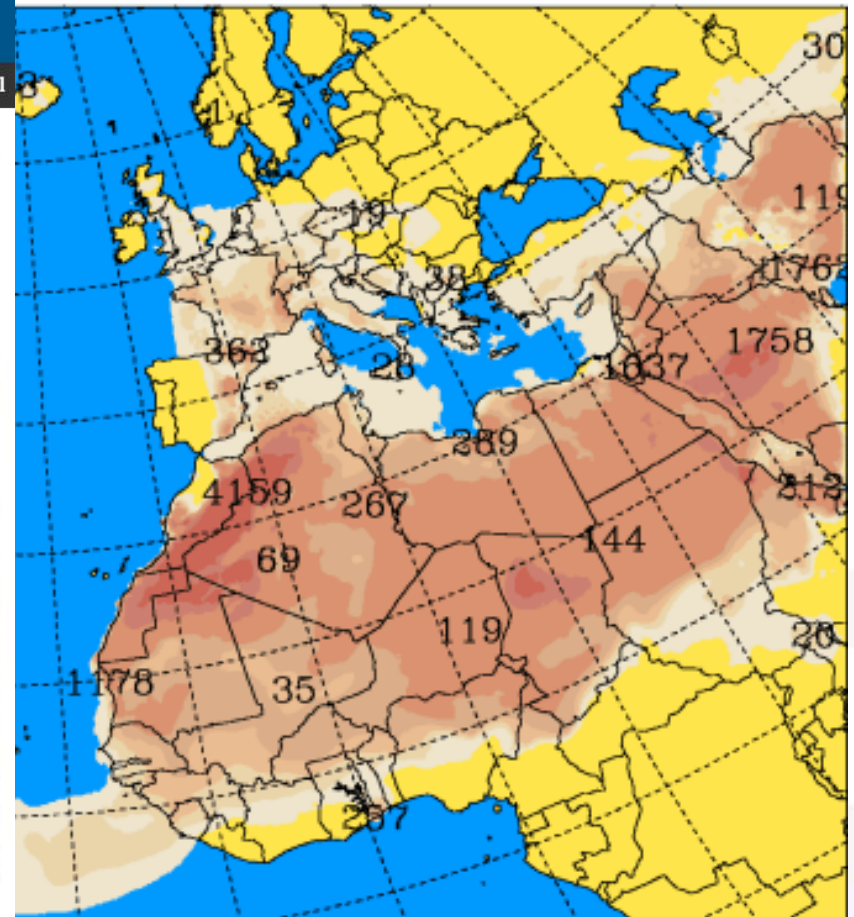
Pollution

Sahara dust smog: record pollution levels hit London and south England

Warnings to stay indoors and avoid exercise as London and the south of England experience highest pollution levels ever recorded



London blanketed in smog earlier this week. Photograph: Xinhua/Landov/Barcroft Media



Background

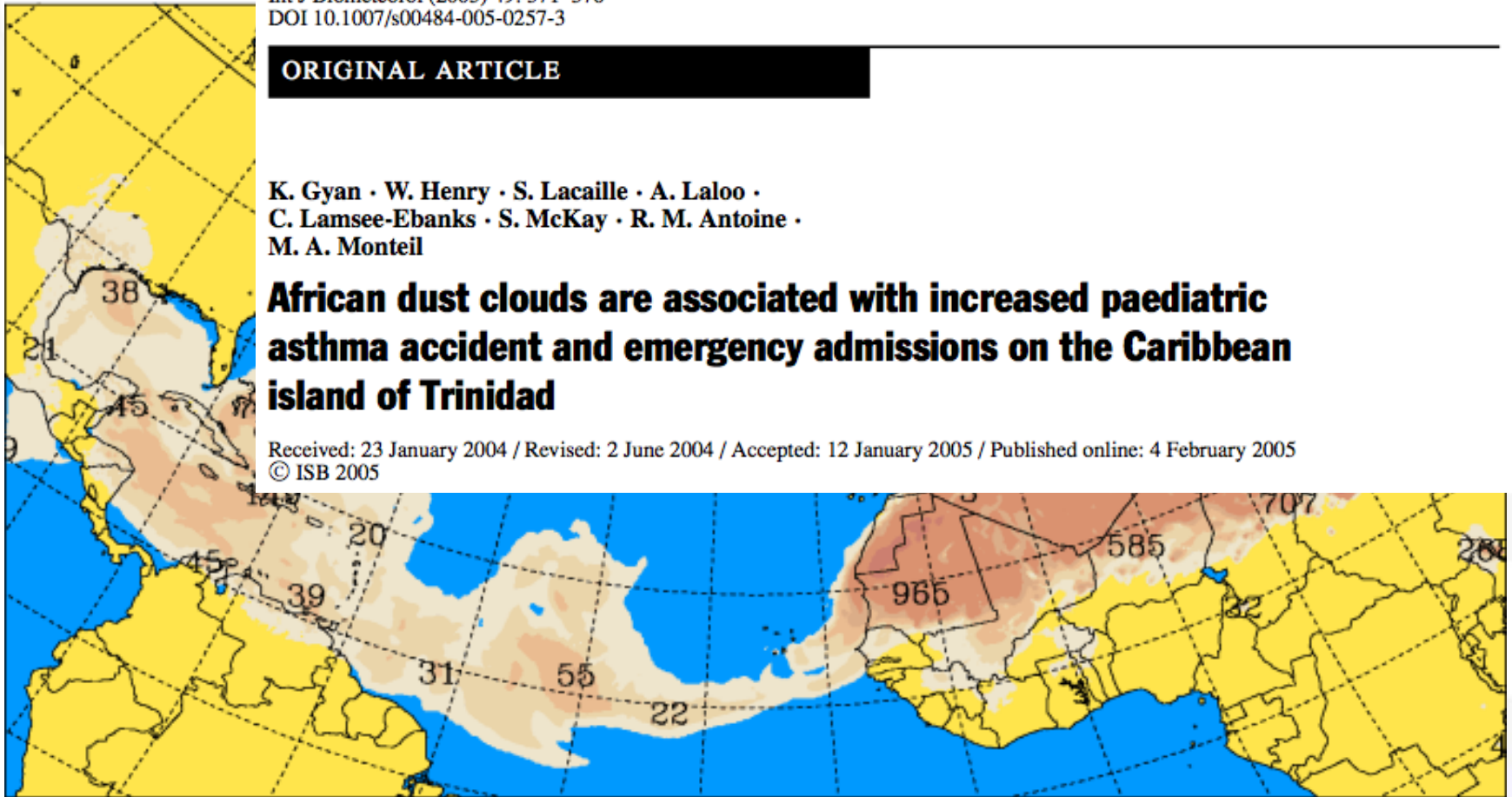
Int J Biometeorol (2005) 49: 371–376
DOI 10.1007/s00484-005-0257-3

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

K. Gyan · W. Henry · S. Lacaille · A. Laloo ·
C. Lamsee-Ebanks · S. McKay · R. M. Antoine ·
M. A. Monteil

African dust clouds are associated with increased paediatric asthma accident and emergency admissions on the Caribbean island of Trinidad

Received: 23 January 2004 / Revised: 2 June 2004 / Accepted: 12 January 2005 / Published online: 4 February 2005
© ISB 2005



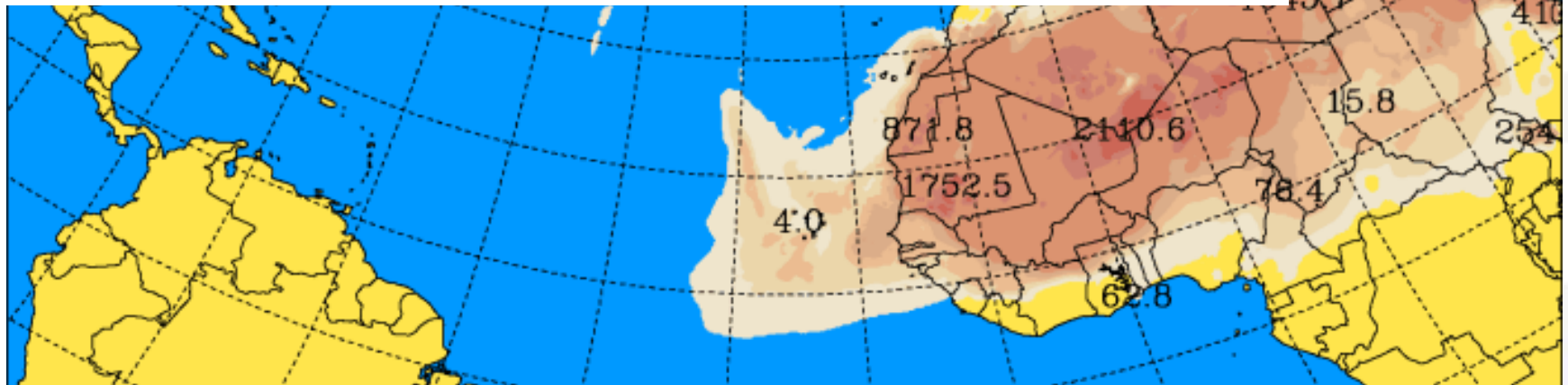
Background

Int J Biometeorol (2013) 57:1–19
DOI 10.1007/s00484-012-0541-y

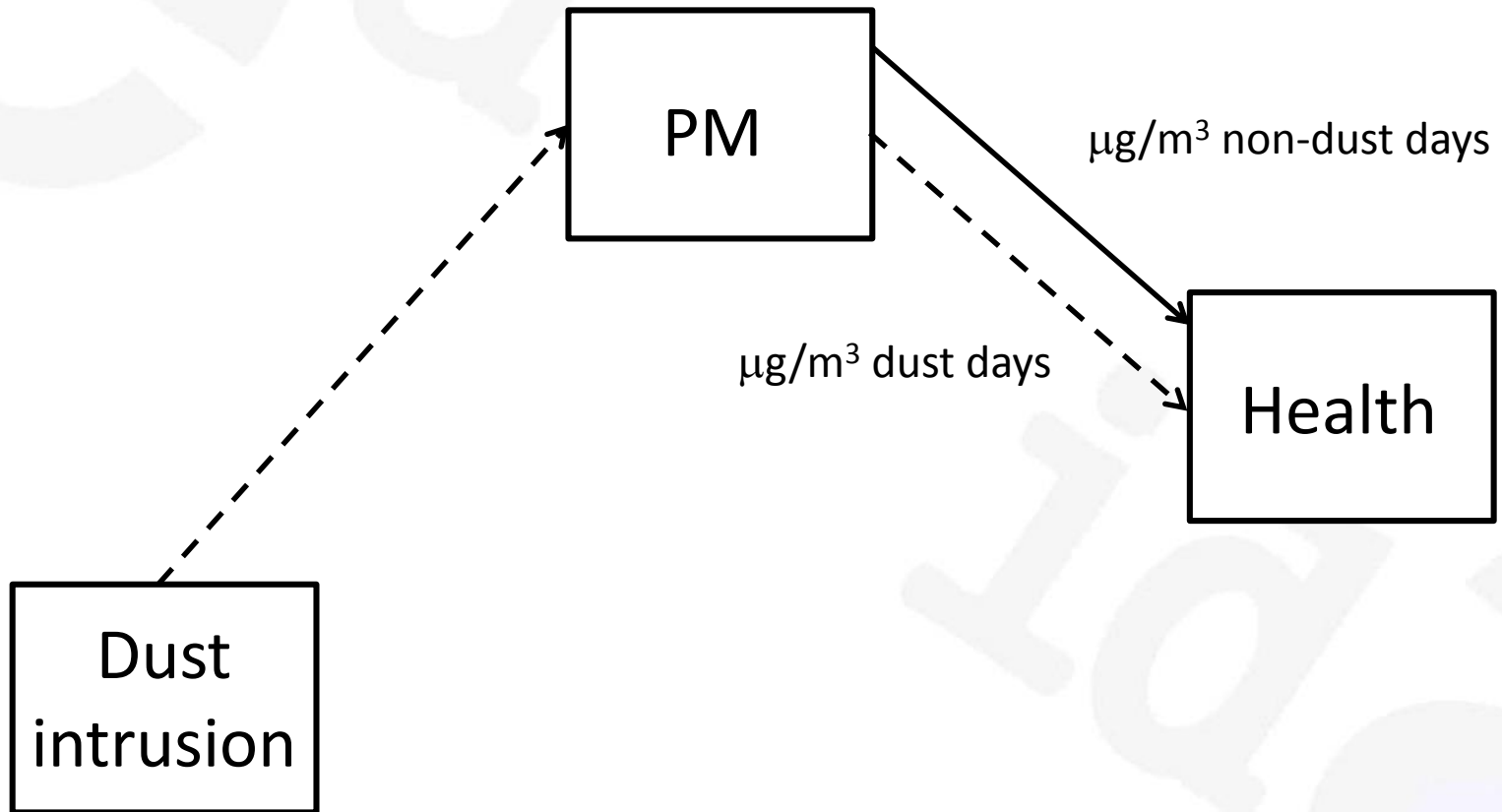
REVIEW

Desert dust impacts on human health: an alarming worldwide reality and a need for studies in West Africa

Florence de Longueville · Pierre Ozer ·
Seydou Doumbia · Sabine Henry



Effect of PM modified by dust intrusions



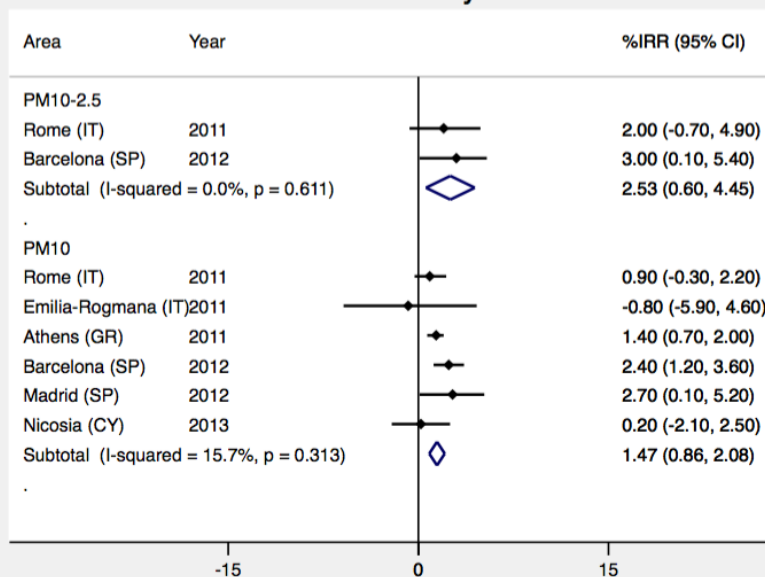
Short-term effects on mortality

African dust as effect modifier of

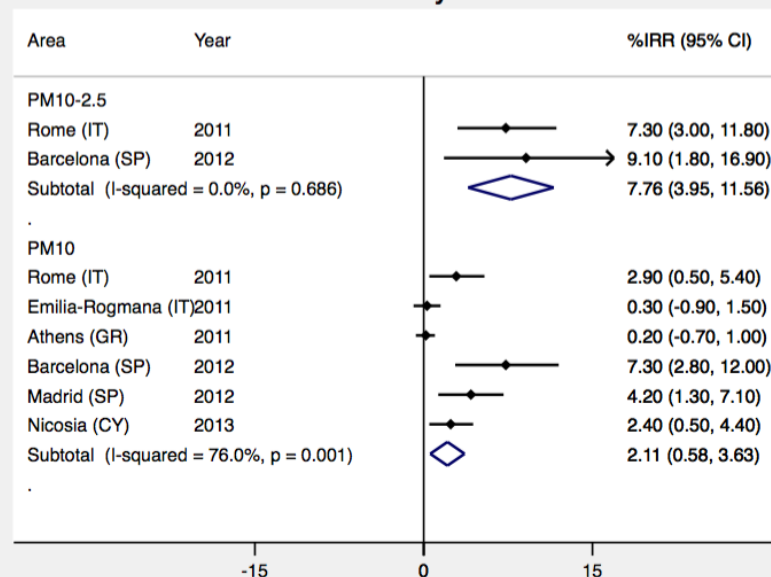
City (C.)	(Yr. Pub.)	All natural		CVD/Circ.	
		PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀
Barcelona (SP)	(2008, 2012)	✓		✓	✓
Madrid (SP)	(2010, 2012)	✓	✓		✓
Rome (IT)	(2011)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Emilia-Romagna (IT)	(2011)		✗		✗
Athens (GR)	(2011)		✗		✗
Nicosia (CY)	(2013)		✗		✓

Meta-analysis of published risks of cardiovascular mortality for an increase of $10\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ of PM during Saharan and non-Saharan dust days in Southern Europe

Non-dust days



Dust days

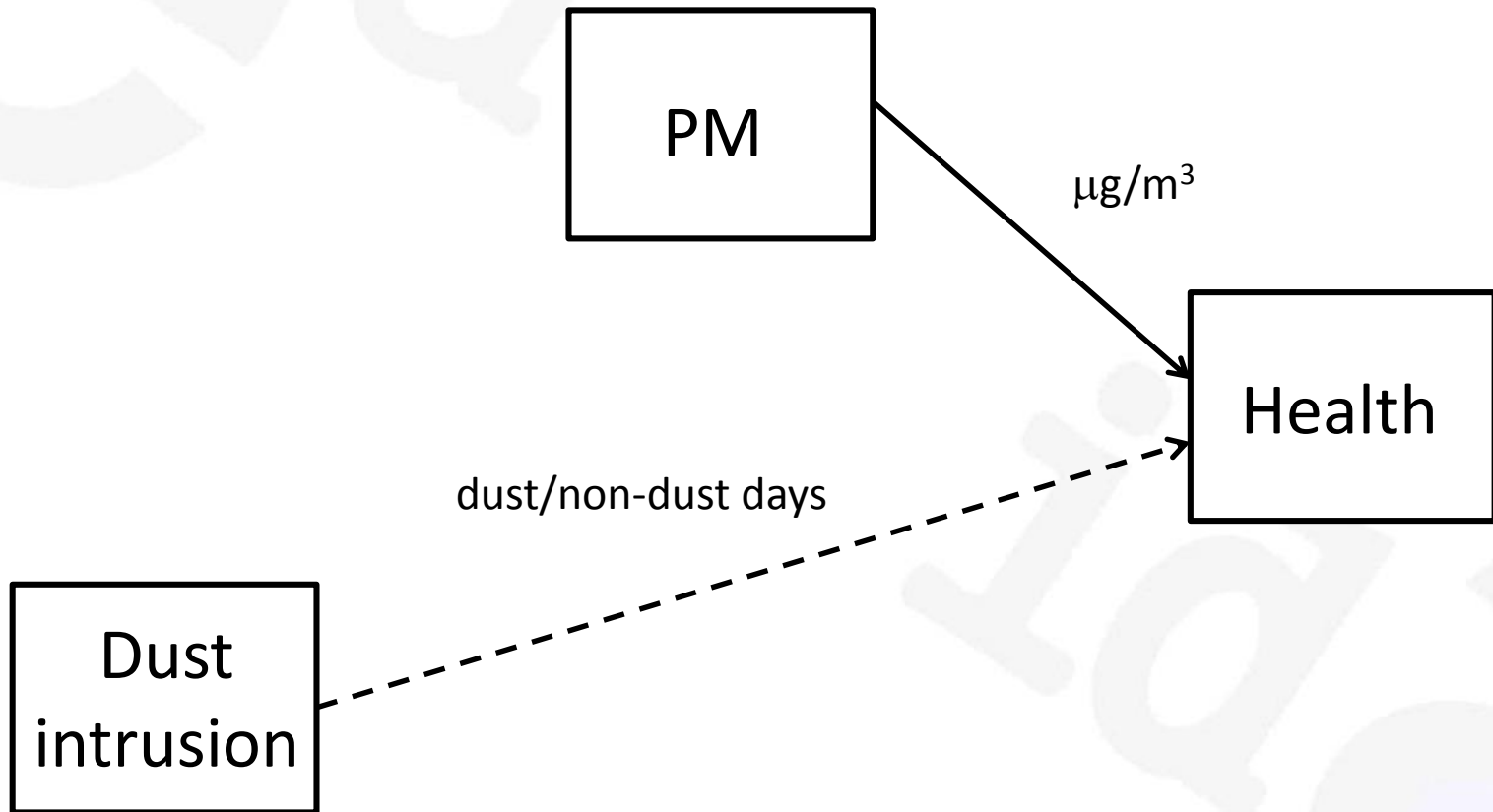


Short-term effects on mortality

African dust as effect modifier of

City (C.)	(Yr. Pub.)	All natural		CVD/Circ.		Cerebrovascular		Respiratory	
		PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀
Barcelona (SP)	(2008, 2012)	✓		✓	✓	✗		✗	
Madrid (SP)	(2010, 2012)	✓	✓		✓				✗
Rome (IT)	(2011)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Emilia-Romagna (IT)	(2011)		✗		✗				✗
Athens (GR)	(2011)		✗		✗				✗
Nicosia (CY)	(2013)		✗		✓				✗

Effects of PM and dust intrusions



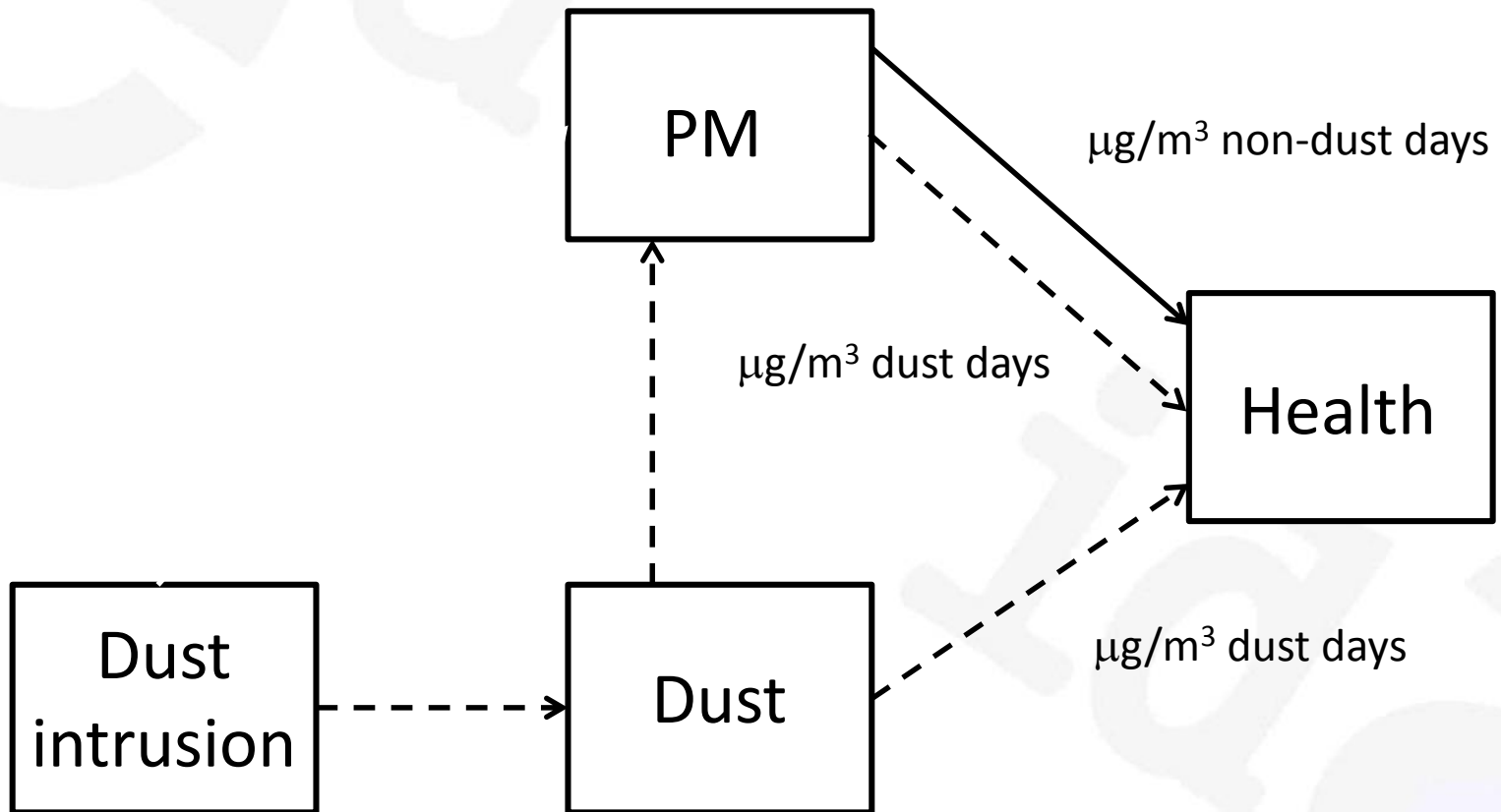
Short-term effects on mortality

City (C.)	(Yr. Pub.)	African dust as effect modifier of								As risk
		PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	exposure
		All natural		CVD/Circ.		Cerebrovascular		Respiratory		Respiratory
Barcelona (SP)	(2008, 2012)	✓		✓	✓	✗		✗		
Madrid (SP)	(2010, 2012)	✓	✓		✓				✗	
Rome (IT)	(2011)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	
Emilia-Romagna (IT)	(2011)		✗		✗				✗	✓
Athens (GR)	(2011)		✗		✗				✗	
Nicosia (CY)	(2013)		✗		✓				✗	

Short-term effects on morbidity

City (C.)	(Yr. Pub.)	African dust as effect modifier of						As risk exposure			
		PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	PM _{10-2.5}	PM ₁₀	Asthma	
		CVD/Circ.		Respiratory		Asthma (<14)		COPD		Respir. (<14)	COPD
Trinidad (Caribbean)	(2005)										✓
Nicosia (CY)	(2008)									✓	
Trinidad (Caribbean)	(2009)										✗
Athens (GR)	(2011)										✓
Rome (IT)	(2013)	✗	✗	✓	✗						
Madrid (SP)	(2014)	✗	✗	✓	✓						
Be'er Sheva (IS)	(2014)									✗	✓
Guadeloupe (Caribbean)	(2014)					✓	✓				
Grenada (Caribbean)	(2015)										✓

Effects of *local* PM and *natural* dust



Saharan dust as continuous exposure

TABLE. Levels of PM₁₀ and Percentage Increase in Risk of Cardiovascular Mortality 10 μg/m³ During Non-Saharan Dust Days (Contributing Total PM₁₀ Levels) and Saharan Dust Days (Contributing Local and Saharan Contributions to PM₁₀ Levels)

	Mean (sd)	Minimum	Percentiles			Maximum	Short-term Effects	
			25	50	75		Lag	%IR (95% CI)
Non-Saharan dust days (n = 1317)								
PM ₁₀	38.6 (15.7)	7.0	27.0	35.9	47.1	107.6	Lag 0	1.1 (-0.1 to 2.4)
							Lag 1	2.8 (1.6 to 4.1)
							Lag 2	1.7 (0.5 to 2.9)
							Lag 3	0.3 (-0.9 to 1.6)
Saharan dust days (n = 145)								
Local contributions to PM ₁₀	27.7 (10.7)	0.0	20.6	27.5	34.6	53.0	Lag 0	4.9 (-0.3 to 10.3)
							Lag 1	9.7 (4.3 to 15.3)
							Lag 2	6.3 (1.1 to 11.8)
							Lag 3	7.3 (2.0 to 12.8)
Saharan contributions to PM ₁₀	16.5 (12.0)	0.0	8.0	13.0	23.0	57.0	Lag 0	3.0 (-1.5 to 7.6)
							Lag 1	4.0 (-0.4 to 8.7)
							Lag 2	2.2 (-2.2 to 6.8)
							Lag 3	3.5 (-1.0 to 8.1)

(Pérez et al., Epidemiol 2012)

Plausible mechanisms

Transportation

- Dust clouds carry large amounts of microorganisms and biogenic allergens (*Griffin 2001*)
- Dust could absorb industrial pollutants through its journey over industrialised areas (*Rodríguez et al. 2001*)

Toxicity

- Local particles more toxic on dust days due to reactions with gases or condensation of organic compounds on the particles (*Pérez et al. 2012*)
- Dust episodes associated with a lowering of the MLH enhancing local pollution (*Pandolfi et al 2014*)

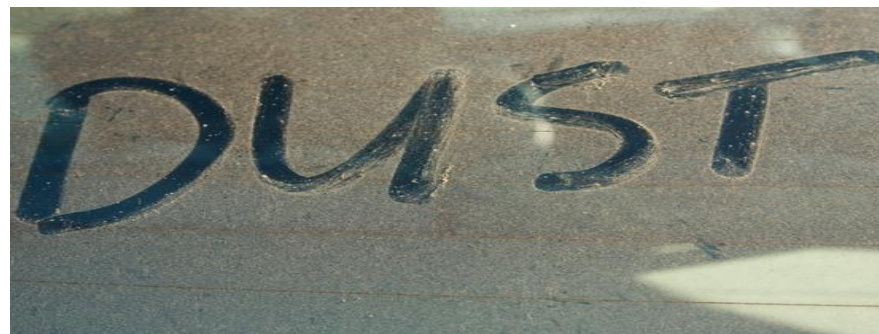
Methodological issues

- Different health outcomes, age groups, particulate matter exposures and lag structures
- Different methods to identify Saharan dust intrusions (*Karanasiou et al. 2012*)
- Different types of study designs and statistical methods (*Longueville et al. 2013*)
- Different role of Saharan dust, mainly based on a binary metric not suitable for a continuous exposure

Conclusions

- The body of evidence from affected areas, in Southern Europe and the Caribbean, suggest a potential health effects of Saharan dust
- More studies are needed using an standardized protocol for desert dust detection and quantification, jointly with health data collection
- Epidemiological research in different geographical locations to provide a better understanding of the potential mechanisms of toxicity

Thanks for your attention!



Institute of Environmental
Assessment and
Water Research



IDAEA – CSIC
C/ Jordi Girona 18–26
08034 Barcelona, Spain

Tel. (+34) 93 400 61 00
Fax (+34) 93 204 59 04

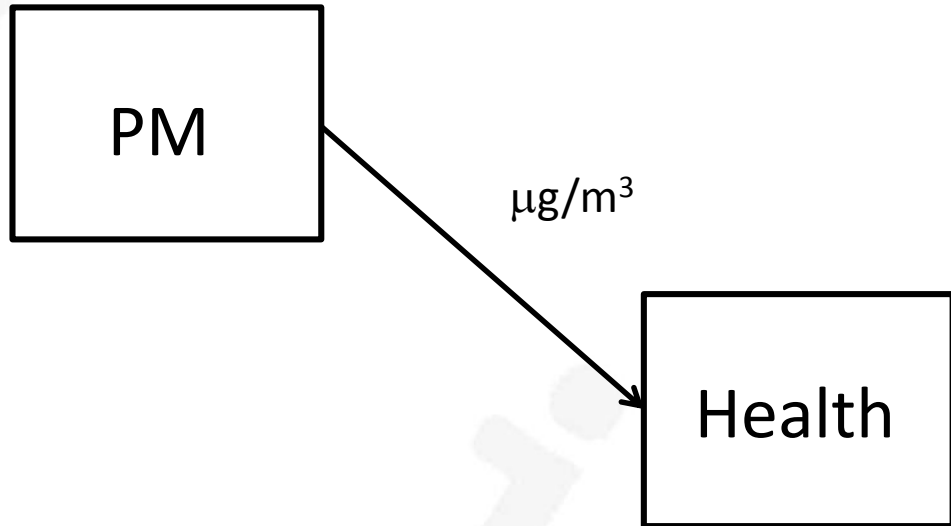


aurelio.tobias@idaea.csic.es
<http://www.idaea.csic.es/>

Project PI08/0354 funded by



Short-term effects of PM



...

Samoli et al. Environ Health Perspect 2013

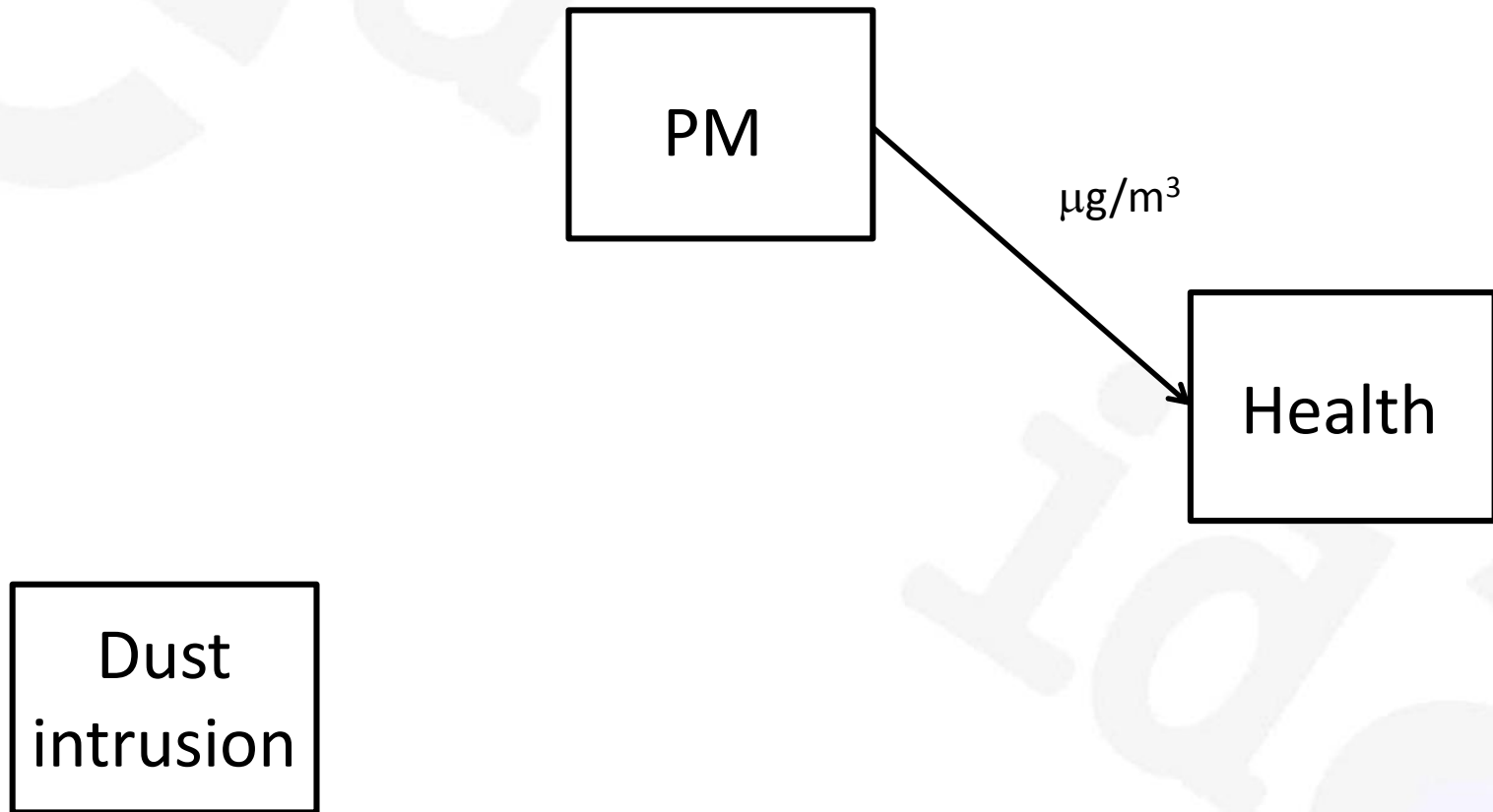
Satfoggia et al. Environ Health Perspect 2013

Atkinson et al. Thorax 2014

Adar et al. Curr Environ Health Rep 2014

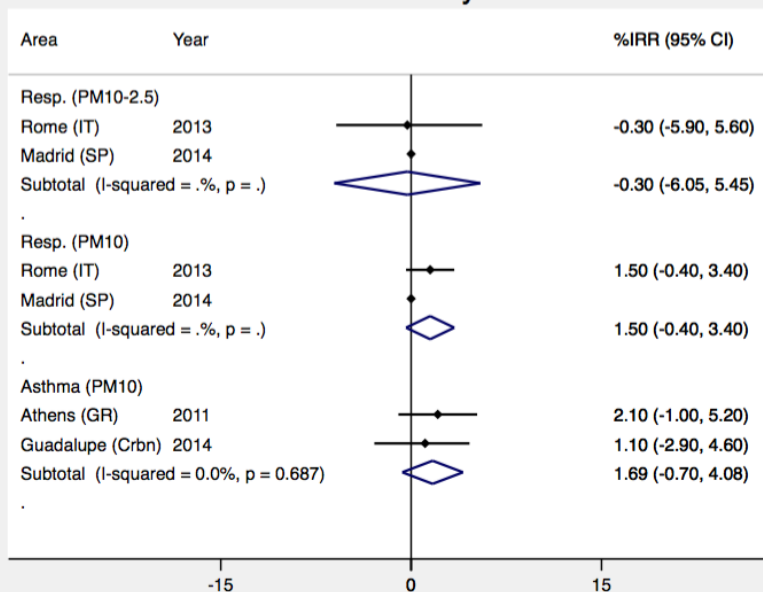
Lu et al. Environ Res 2015

Role of Saharan dust intrusions?



Meta-analysis of published risks of hospital admissions for respiratory and child asthma causes, for an increase of $10\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ of PM during Saharan and non-Saharan dust days

Non-dust days



Dust days

